# WEST AFRICAN TRADITIONAL RELIGION

[May not be taken with Christian Religious Studies and Islamic Studies

#### **GENERAL AIMS**

At the end of their study of the subject, the candidates are expected to have

- 1. gained insight into and have appreciation of the traditional religious beliefs and practices and their impact on the lives of the people,
- 2. worked out practical ways of confronting the challenges that face West Africans in utilizing acceptable traditional moral ideas and principles,
- 3. understood how our traditional principles can be applied in their daily lives,
- 4. analised the major traditional religious factors that influence the political, social and economic life of West African.

#### **SCHEME OF EXAMINATION**

There will be two papers, Papers 1 and 2 both of which will be a composite paper and will be taken at one sitting.

- **PAPER 1:** Will consist of fifty multiple-choice objective questions all of which must be answered within 50 minutes for 40 marks.
- **PAPER 2:** Will consist of three sections, Sections A, B and C, each consisting of three essay-type questions. The sections shall cover the following areas of the syllabus
  - Section A: General Introduction to West African Traditional Religion
  - Section B: The Individual and the Community
  - Section C: Contemporary Society

Candidates will be required to answer four questions in all, choosing at least one question from each section, for a total of 60 marks. The paper will take 2 hours 10 minutes.

#### **DETAILED SYLLABUS**

# SECTION A: GENERAL INTRODUCTION TO WEST AFRICAN TRADITIONAL RELIGION.

- 1. Introduction to the Study of West African Traditional Religion Nature
  - (a) Characteristics of W.A.T.R
    - (i) Belief in the Supreme Being
    - (ii) Divinities, Ancestors, Mystical Powers etc
  - (b) Purpose/Reasons for the study of W.A.T.R
- 2. Terms Used to Describe West African Traditional Religion
  - (a) Fetishism and Paganism
  - (b) Animism and Ancestral Worship
  - (c) Polytheism and Monotheism
  - (d) Totemism
  - (e) Primitive
- 3. Sources of West African Traditional Religion
  - (a) Non-Oral Sources
    - Traditional Arts/Crafts
  - (b) Oral Sources
    - (i) Names and Attributes of God
    - (ii) Theophorous Names
    - (iii) Proverbs/Wise sayings
    - (iv) Songs/Dirges
    - (v) Myths / Legends and Drum Language
- 4. Approaches to the Study of West African Traditional Religion
  - (a) Thematic Approach
  - (b) Comparative Approach
  - (c) Historical Approach
  - (d) Enumerative Approach
- 5. The Structure of West African Traditional Religion
  - (a) God in West African Belief
  - (b) The Ancestors
  - (c) The Divinities
  - (d) Charms and Amulets

# 6. Worship in West African Traditional Religion

- (a) Worship in W.A.T.R Introduction
- (b) Main features:
  - (i) Prayer/Libation
  - (ii) Sacrifice
  - (iii) Spirit possession

#### SECTION B: THE INDIVIDUAL AND THE COMMUNITY

- 7. Religious Personalities in West African Traditional Religion.
  - (a) The concept/types of religious personalities
  - (b) Processes for selecting religious personalities
  - (c) The functions of religious leaders.
- 8. Festivals in West African Traditional Religion.
  - (a) Types of Festivals
  - (b) The significance of Festivals
- 9. Religion and Medicine in W.A.T.R.
  - (a) Religion and Medicine: Introduction
  - (b) Herbal Medicine
  - (c) Traditional and Orthodox Healing

# 10. Concept of Time, Work and Wealth

- (a) Concept of Time
  - (i) Definition of time in West Africa.
  - (ii) Concept of the Future
  - (iii) The Importance of Time
- (c) The Concept of Wealth
  - (i) Meaning/Attitude towards Wealth
  - (ii) Ways of acquiring Wealth
  - (iii) Consequences of acquiring Wealth

# 11. Concept of Man and Destiny

- (a) Concept of Man
- (b) Concept of Destiny

# 12. Enemies of Life in West African Traditional Religion

- (a) Witchcraft and magic
  - (i) Meaning of witchcraft and magic
  - (ii) Acquisition of Witchcraft
  - (iii) Role of Witchcraft and Magic
- (b) Malevolent Spirits

### 13. Religion and Ethics in West African Traditional Religion.

- (a) The main Features of Ethics
- (b) Sources of Ethics in WATR
- (c) Moral Values/Virtues in West African Traditional Religion
- (d) Taboos and Sin in WATR
- (e) Convenant in WATR

#### 14. Rites of Passage

- (a) Rites of passage
  - (i) Description of the stages; Rites of passage: Birth, Naming, Puberty, Marriage and Death,
  - (ii) Importance of Rites of Passage

#### SECTION C: CONTEMPORARY SOCIETY

#### 15. Traditional Political Institutions in West African Traditional Religion.

- (a) Chieftaincy
  - (i) Structure of chieftaincy institutions
  - (ii) Process involving in selecting Chiefs
  - (iii) Importance of chieftaincy institution
- (b) Asafo Companies
  - (i) Introduction/Background
  - (ii) Importance

# 16. Religion and Tourism in West African Traditional Religion.

(a) Introduction

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- (b) Religion and tourism
- (c) The uses of free/leisure time
- (d) Sacred personalities and tourism
- (e) Sacred places and tourism
- (f) Sacred objects and tourism

#### 17. Religion and Stress Management in West African Traditional Religion.

- (a) Meaning and types of stress situation in West Africa traditional society
- (b) Causes and effects of stress situations
- (c) Management of stress situations

#### 18. The Role of W.A.T.R. in Conflict Resolution and Management

- (a) Introduction meaning/concept of conflict in West African traditional society.
- (b) Causes of conflicts
- (c) Effects of conflicts
- (d) Conflict resolution and management in West African society

# 19. Religion and Reproductive Health in West African Traditional Religion.

- (a) West African Traditional Religion and Reproductive
  Health Features: issues of Hygiene, sexuality and Promiscuity/Abortion
- (b) Circumcision Rites and Reproductive Health

#### 20. W.A.T.R. and Modernity

- (a) The impact of foreign religions on (Christianity and Islam) WATR
- (b) The impact of West African Traditional Religion on Christianity and Islam.
- (c) The impact of Science and Technology on West African Traditional Religion.
- (d) West African Traditional Religion and Conservation of the Environment.
- (e) The Impact of Urbanization on West African Traditional Religion.

#### 21. New Religious Movements (NRM) in West African Traditional Religion.

- (a) Afrikania Missions (Ghana)
- (b) Godianism (Nigeria)
- (c) The future of West African Traditional Religion.

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